

Golden Valley Lodge #616 Newsletter



Photo: Alexander Hall Imagebank.Sweden.Se

Chairman's Message

Happy Easter to everyone. Hope you had a wonderful one.

I was very happy to see so many at our last meeting at our new location. Hope you like it. We will have to iron out a few minor bugs. Then it will be much better. If you have any ideas of making this new place better, please let us know.

We should have a great meeting. We will also drape the charter for a departed member.

Next month, May, will be a social only. We have also invited the District officers to join us. Looking forward to a great time for all.

Hope to see many of you at the meeting next week.

In Truth and Unity,

Inga Francis

Golden Valley Lodge #616 • Vasa Order of America •
New Meeting Address: Prince of Peace Lutheran Church
9440 Balboa Blvd (near Plummer Avenue) Northridge, CA 91325
info@goldenvalleylodge.org • www.goldenvalleylodge.org

GVL Happenings

Thank you to Our March Dinner Hosts!



Lisa and Wenche Ecklund tested out the new kitchen and fixed a terrific meal for us!!!

Happy April Birthday!

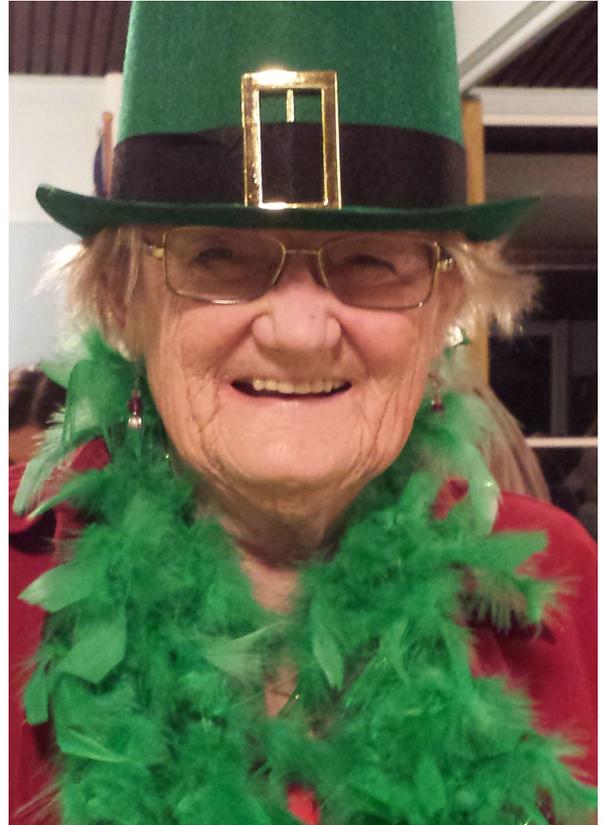


Natalie Mikkelsen	1	Erik Karling	16
Eivor Wester	1	Jessica Santana	16
Nikki Taylor	5	Rebecca Mikkelsen	16
Barbro Granath	5	Tommy Eneberg	16
Tommy Eneberg	6	Kent Carleson	21
Gunhild DePaoli	8	Clinton Lien Jr.	21
Kent Carlson	11	Marianne Farm-Reinholds	24
Kristina Thorsen	11	Gunilla Hamaoui	29
Kerstin Wendt	13		
Ann-Kristin Karling	14		

Ha en trevlig födelsedag!

March Meeting

Thank you to Mona Steffen for supplying several pictures!



March Meeting



Culture Corner: Five Modern Rules for Dating in Sweden

<https://www.thelocal.se/20141110/five-tips-for-dating-in-sweden-si>
The Local news@thelocal.se
@thelocalsweden



Modern dating in Sweden is very interesting. Here is an article about it so that we are keeping up-to-date on Swedish dating culture too!

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So you've made it to Sweden. You've learned the language basics, you're always on time, and you remember to take off your shoes. So now what? Here it is, what you've all been waiting for - an introduction to dating in Sweden.

Swedes have a reputation for being beautiful. But they can also be difficult to get to know. For those from more outspoken, talkative cultures, Swedes may be a mystery.

Each and every person is unique of course, but if you're hoping to sneak onto the Swedish dating scene, there are some basic guidelines you should follow. Here are the top five.

1. Make a move

Don't just stare - start a casual conversation and ask them out for fika!

The first step of Swedish dating is don't be shy. Girls, if you're waiting around for that hot guy from class to ask you out, chances are that he won't. And it's not because he's not into you - it's because of gender equality. In

Sweden, there is no reason why the girl shouldn't make the first move.

But remember, the same thing applies for guys. If you like a Swedish girl, just go for it and ask her out. Regardless of gender, it's worth making the first move when trying to date a Swede - because they probably won't.

2. Don't call it a date

They may be in love, but it's not a date. It's just fika.

One of the most important and most confusing things about dating in Sweden is that it's not dating. So don't call it a date. You can ask out a classmate for fika, but not a date.

After you've had fika a couple of times you can move on to other activities. Maybe suggest cooking a meal together or going ice skating. Dinner and movie won't come until much later - but even then, call it dinner and a movie, not 'date'.

3. Start and end with a hug

Learn how to do a casual Swedish hug. If in need of practice, turn to a tree. There are plenty.

Continued: Five Modern Rules for Dating in Sweden

Many cultures greet with a kiss of some manner, perhaps a kiss on the cheek. Honestly, that will creep a Swede out. Don't do it. But Swedes are huge fans of the awkward hug, where you lean in and wrap your arms around each other and then separate again. Each fika 'date' and activity should start and end with a hug.

Don't move on from the hug until it's clear that it's more than fika, and that the feelings are mutual. Kissing is complicated.

4. Be prepared to pay

Some Swedish girls will appreciate it if you pay - others might be furious.

Those cups of coffee and cinnamon buns sure to add up, we know. It's not cheap. But hey, at least you only have to pay for your own!

Sweden is all about equality, and that includes dating. As a girl, you should never expect the guy to pay. He might offer, but he might not. And guys, feel free to

be gentlemanly and offer to pay for the girl - but if she says 'No thanks', she really means it. Do not insist on paying for a girl.

To Swedes there is absolutely no reason why one person should pay more than the other - so always be prepared to split the bill.

5. It's always exclusive

Seriously, one at a time. You're setting yourself up for trouble if you run into them at the same time!

Okay, this may seem odd since Swedes don't really 'date', they only meet up for fika and activities. But, once you are 'dating' - having fika and hanging out regularly, that is - it is assumed that you are not dating anyone else.

In other words, it's not okay to fika and flirt with multiple people. (Fika with friends is fine.) One Swede at a time, folks! Otherwise you're cheating, even if you haven't actually said you're in a relationship.

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I find this equality amongst Swedes very interesting - and hopefully you do too. Along that same line, here is an article from the New York Times about training preschoolers to be gender neutral.

In Sweden's Preschools, Boys Learn to Dance and Girls Learn to Yell

By ELLEN BARRY MARCH 24, 2018
Christina Anderson contributed reporting.

STOCKHOLM — Something was wrong with the Penguins, the incoming class of toddlers at the Seafarer's Preschool, in a wooded suburb south of Stockholm.

The boys were clamorous and physical. They shouted and hit. The girls held up their arms and whimpered to be picked up. The group of 1- and 2-year-olds had, in other words, split along traditional gender lines. And at this school, that is not O.K.

Their teachers cleared the room of cars and dolls. They put the boys in charge of the play kitchen. They made the girls

practice shouting "No!" Then they decided to open a proper investigation, erecting video cameras in the classroom. Science may still be divided over whether gender differences are rooted in biology or culture, but many of Sweden's government-funded preschools are doing what they can to deconstruct them. State curriculum urges teachers and principals to embrace their role as social engineers, requiring them to "counteract traditional gender roles and gender patterns."

It is normal, in many Swedish preschools, for teachers to avoid referring to their students' gender — instead of "boys and girls," they say "friends," or call children by name. Play is organized to prevent children from sorting themselves by gender. A gender-neutral pronoun, "hen," was introduced in 2012 and was swiftly absorbed into mainstream Swedish

Culture Corner (continued)

culture, something that, linguists say, has never happened in another country.

Elis Storesund, the preschool's in-house gender expert. When boys in a class refused to paint, she was brought in to examine the problem through the lens of gender. Credit Andrea Bruce for The New York Times

One of the few peer-reviewed efforts to examine the method's effects, published last year in the *Journal of Experimental Child Psychology*, concluded that some behaviors do go away when students attend what the study called "gender-neutral" preschools.

For instance, the children at these schools do not show a strong preference for playmates of the same gender, and are less likely to make assumptions based on stereotypes. Yet, the scientists found no difference at all in the children's tendency to notice gender, suggesting that may be under a genetic influence.

At the Seafarer's Preschool, the effort sometimes has the feeling of a venture into uncharted territory.

On a recent Friday in Hammarbyhojden, south of Stockholm, Elis Storesund, the school's in-house gender expert, sat bent over a work sheet with two teachers of the 4- and 5-year-old Seagulls, reviewing their progress on gender objectives.

"When we are drawing," said Melisa Esteka, 31, one of the teachers, "we see that the girls — they draw a lot — they draw girls with lots of makeup and long eyelashes. It's very clear that they are girls. We ask, 'Don't boys have eyelashes?' And they say, 'We know it is not like that in real life.'"

Ms. Storesund, 54, nodded thoughtfully. "They are trying to understand what it is to be a girl," she said.

Ms. Esteka looked frustrated. She had set a goal for herself: To stop the children from identifying things as "for girls" or "for boys." But lately, her students were absorbing stereotypes from billboards and cartoons, and sometimes it seemed like all the slow, systematic work of the Seafarer's Preschool was flying away overnight.

"There is so much they bring with them," she said. "They bring the whole world with them. We can't stop that from happening."

Sweden's experiment in gender-neutral preschools began in 1996 in Trodje, a small town near the edge of the Baltic Sea. The man who started it, Ingemar Gens, was not an educator but a journalist who dabbled in anthropology and gender theory, having studied Swedish men seeking mail-order brides in Thailand. Newly appointed as a district "equal opportunity expert," Mr. Gens wanted to break down the norm of stoic, unemotional Swedish masculinity.

Preschool struck him as the right place to do this. Swedish children spend much of their early life in government-funded preschools, which offer care at nominal cost for up to 12 hours a day starting at the age of 1.

Two schools rolled out what was called a compensatory gender strategy. Boys and girls at the preschools were separated for part of the day and coached in traits associated with the other gender. Boys massaged each other's feet. Girls were led in barefoot walks in the snow, and told to throw open the window and scream. Elin Gerdin, 26, attended one of Sweden's first preschools focused on gender equality. She said she gets upset when looking at photos of friends' babies, with boys dressed in blue and girls in pink. Credit Andrea Bruce for The New York Times.

"We tried to do that — to educate boys in what girls already knew, and vice versa," said Mr. Gens, now 68. A wave of criticism broke over him, but that was expected.

"They said we were indoctrinating the kids," he said. "I say we're always indoctrinating kids. Bringing them up is indoctrination."

Teachers were required to review videotapes of themselves with the children, to identify subtle differences in the way they interacted with boys and girls. Many found that they used more words, and more complex sentences, with girls.

Helena Baggstrom, who taught at one of the schools, recalled watching footage of herself in a cloakroom, attending to children as they bundled up to go outside. She saw, to

Culture Corner (continued)



imagebank.sweden.se/Maskot Swedish Preschool

her shock, that she had helped one boy after another get dressed and run out the door. The girls, she realized, were expected to dress themselves.

“It was hard at first to see patterns,” she said. “We saw more and more, and we were horrified at what we saw.”

The strategy of separating boys and girls was later set aside in favor of a “gender neutral” approach intent on muting differences. Still, the spirit of Mr. Gens’s experiment had percolated through the government. In 1998, Sweden added new language to its national curriculum requiring that all preschools “counteract traditional gender roles and gender patterns” and encourage children to explore “outside the limitations of stereotyped gender roles.” Adoption of the practices varies widely, depending on the school’s director.

Traditionalists have raised occasional protests, complaining of liberal brainwashing. The far-right Sweden Democrats party, which won about 13 percent of the vote in 2014, has promised to roll back teaching that “seeks to change all children and young people’s behavior and gender identity.”

But in a political environment deeply split over immigration, gender-equality policies enjoy the support of Sweden’s largest parties, the center-left Social Democrats and the center-right Moderates.

A columnist and mathematician named Tanja Bergkvist, one of the few figures who routinely attacks

what she calls “Sweden’s gender madness,” says many Swedes are uncomfortable with the practice but are afraid to criticize it in public.

“They don’t want to be regarded as against equality,” she said. “Nobody wants to be against equality.”

In Trodje, the first wave of preschoolers to attend gender-neutral preschools are now 20-somethings.

Elin Gerdin, 26, part of that first wave, is studying to be a teacher. In appearance she is conventionally feminine, her long dark hair coaxed into spirals with a curling iron. This is something she points out — that in appearance she is conventionally feminine. It is the first sign that she views gender as something you could put on or take off, like a raincoat.

“This is a choice I have made because this is me,” she said of her appearance. “And this is me because I am a product of society.”

There are moments when her early education comes back to her in flashes.

Ms. Gerdin’s friends have begun to have babies, and they post pictures of them on Facebook, swathed in blue or pink, in society’s first act of sorting. Ms. Gerdin gets upset when this happens. She feels sorry for the children. She

Culture Corner (continued)

makes it a point to seek her friends out and tell them, earnestly, that they are making a mistake. This feels to her like a responsibility.

“We are a group of children who will grow up, and we will have children, and we will talk to them about this,” she said. “It is not easy to change a whole society.”

A 3-year-old at the Seafarers’ School likes wearing dresses. His mother says no one in his life has told him boys don’t dress that way.

That process was just beginning at the Seafarer’s Preschool on a recent morning, when the children scrambled out of voluminous snowsuits. Underneath his, Otto, a sturdy 3-year-old, was wearing a dress.

Otto prefers to wear dresses because he likes the way they fan out when he spins around, and it does not make him unusual here. Up until now, no one in Otto’s life — not his grandparents, or babysitters, or fellow 3-year-olds — has told him that boys do not wear dresses, said his mother, Lena Christiansson, 36, matter-of-factly. She would like this to continue as long as possible.

This expectation has become increasingly common, said Ms. Storesund, the Seafarer’s gender specialist.

“Now, parents ask us, ‘What are you doing about gender?’” she said.

Ms. Storesund is on hand to confront classroom dilemmas: When boys in the group for 3-year-olds refused to paint, or dance, and the group threatened to split along gender lines, she was brought in to unpack the problem, tinkering with the activities until she coaxed the boys back to equal participation.

Preserving a gender-neutral environment is not simple. Carina Sevebjork Saur, 57, who has been teaching at the school for a year and a half, said she often catches herself saying the wrong thing, like an

offhand compliment on a child’s appearance.

“You are on your way to saying something, as a reflex, but you have to hold it back,” she said. “You can comment on clothes in other ways: ‘Oh, my goodness, how many polka dots!’”

The effort is compensated, teachers said, by the impression that they are unraveling mysteries, and as spring approached, some changes could be observed among the Penguins.

One of the group’s teachers, Izabell Sandberg, 26, noticed a shift in a 2-year-old girl whose parents dropped her off wearing tights and pale-pink dresses. The girl focused intently on staying clean. If another child took her toys, she would whimper.

“She accepted everything,” Ms. Sandberg said. “And I thought this was very girlie. It was like she was apologizing for taking up space.”

Until, that is, a recent morning, when the girl had put a hat on and carefully arranged bags around herself, preparing to set off on an imaginary expedition. When a classmate tried to walk off with one of her bags, the girl held out the palm of her hand and shouted “No” at such a high volume that Ms. Sandberg’s head swiveled around.

It was something they had been practicing.

By the time March rolled round, the girl had gotten so loud that she drowned out the boys in the class, Ms. Sandberg said. At the end of the day, she was messy. The girl’s parents were less than delighted, she said, and reported that she had become cheeky and defiant at home.

But Ms. Sandberg has plenty of experience explaining the mission to parents.

“This is what we do here, and we are not going to stop it,” she said.

District and Other News

Scandinavian Spring Picnic

Scandinavian Spring Picnic is April 29th from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. at Vasa Park 2854 Triunfo Canyon Road, Agoura Hills. There will be a waffle breakfast, lunch, Swedish Car Show, entertainment and family activities.

Scandinavian Festival

The Scandinavian Festival is from April 21-22, 2018 10:00am – 5:00pm
Adults: \$10
Teens: \$5
Kids are free,
at California Lutheran University. For more information, visit their webpage at:
<http://scandinavianfest.org/>

News From Golden Valley Lodge Secretary

Golden Valley Lodge has moved to a new location effective April 12th, 2018. The new location is Prince of Peace Lutheran Church, 9440 Balboa Blvd., Northridge 91325. We voted at our March meeting to move.

Some of the reasons for making a change are: unfavorable neighborhood, limited parking, dirty kitchen and lack of storage. Attendance has been declining. Last year January's attendance was 61, February 59, March 57, June 58. After the summer, attendance dropped and in September we had 37, October 44, November 40, December 29 and January & February of this year we have had 38 attending.

We anticipate making the improvements such as outdoor lighting, (there is outdoor lighting, but we didn't know how to turn it on) better room arrangement and a friendlier environment, heating parts of outside and we are purchasing a 10 X 15 storage shed that will be placed near the meeting room. As it is now, we have limited storage at the Sons of Norway and the rest of our properties are in about 5 different homes of members.

For our April meeting we have planned for a nice dinner prepared by Dorothy and Delphine. May 10 is our social meeting and Yvonne, Heidi and Stig Klintare will host the dinner and we hope to have some activities for the evening. June 14 Gertie Lingstrom will prepare smörgåstårter for our last dinner before summer break.

In the fall our September 13 meeting will be hosted by Andrea Tabanelli, Mona Steffen, Birgitta Clark and Britt Potter. October 11 will be Chase Dodd and Kristina Foley, November 15 is Jason Blohm and December 13 is Maidie Karling. The finance committee plans increased the amount for meals, so people have the option of catering some or all of the meal if they choose.

For our Christmas program we can rent round tables for the dinner and raffle and have Lucia in the Church sanctuary.